

Colchester Archaeological Trust



**CAT Report 2300
issued June 2026**

**Archaeological evaluation on land east of
Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, CM23 1AE:
June 2026**



**CAT project ref.: 2026/04i
ECC code: EEX63878**

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June 2026**

NGR: TL 46990 29872 (centre)

**Planning district: Uttlesford
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fieldwork by Nigel Rayner with Matt Perou

**commissioned by Meenu Justin
on behalf of Pelham Structures**

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1 Summary

An archaeological evaluation (three trial-trenches) was carried out on land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, in advance of the construction of a new dwelling. The proposed development site lies within the historic settlement of Berden, amid numerous cropmark complexes, some of which indicate the presence of medieval field boundaries. A ringwork motte also lies a short distance to the south-west; when excavated in the 1950s, it produced evidence of activity during the 12th or 13th centuries. Excavations revealed a ditch which bounded a raised area of the site, to the south of this feature. While it was thought that this raised part of the site might have represented a platform for the construction of a building, no structural remains were encountered.

2 Introduction (Fig 1)

This is the report for an archaeological evaluation carried out by Colchester Archaeological Trust (CAT) on land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex on 2nd June 2026. The work was commissioned by Meenu Justin of Pelham Structures and took place in advance of the construction of a new dwelling.

In response to consultation with Essex County Council Place Services (ECCPS), the Historic Environment Advisor advised that, to establish the archaeological implications of this application, the applicant should be required to commission a scheme of archaeological investigation in accordance with the *National Planning Policy Framework* (MHCLG 2025).

All archaeological work was carried out in accordance with a *Brief for Archaeological Trial Trenching and Excavation at Land East of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden* written by Katie Lee-Smith (ECCPS 2026), and a *Written Scheme of Investigation* (WSI) prepared by CAT (2026b) in response to the brief.

In addition to the project brief and WSI, all fieldwork and reporting was undertaken in accordance with:

- *Management of Research Projects in the Historic Environment (MoRPHE)* (Historic England 2015),
- Professional standards of the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, including its *Code of Conduct* (CIfA 2020a-b, 2023a-b, 2025),
- East of England standards and frameworks published by East Anglian Archaeology (Brown & Glazebrook 2000; Gurney 2003; Medlycott 2011) and the recent review updates on <https://researchframeworks.org/eoe/>
- Relevant health and safety guidelines and requirements (CAT 2026a).

3 Archaeological and geological background

The following archaeological background includes extracts of the ECC Brief and Essex Historic Environment Records (EHER) held at Essex County Council, County Hall, Chelmsford, Essex (accessible via <http://www.heritagegateway.org.uk>).

The proposed development lies within the historic settlement of Berden. The first edition Ordnance Survey map of 1875 shows that this area, either side of the road, was a historic green likely to have had roadside settlement associated with it (ECCPS 2026).

The proposed development site lies in the midst of numerous cropmark complexes. Cropmarks denoting the presence of former medieval field boundaries lie in fields located 290m north-west of the site (EHER 46361). Additional cropmarks are located south of Priory Gate Cottages, 635m north-west of the site (EHER 16779). The Rookery or Cumber Hills is a ringwork motte located 360m south-west of the site which was excavated in 1954 by G.M. Knocker (Knocker 1958; EHER 3854). Finds recovered from during the excavation included 12th-13th century pottery. A Bronze Age beaker burial was also discovered under the main entrance of Berden Wesleyan Chapel, 20m west of the site, in 1907 (EHER 3863).

In 2015, CAT carried out an archaeological evaluation on land adjacent to Martins Green, Pelham Road, 215m to the west. Two archaeological features were recorded: a modern pit and a natural feature. The remains of an historic pond, present on the first edition Ordnance Survey map were also uncovered, but a modern plastic liner at its base indicated that it had been recently reconditioned, and no archaeological horizons or waterlogged deposits were observed. Finds recovered during the evaluation consisted of modern pottery, post-medieval ceramic building material and post-medieval glass (CAT Report 896).

There are several Grade II listed buildings in the vicinity of the development:

- The Forge Cottage (EHER 35480, NHLE no. 1322441), a 17th-century timber-framed house, is situated 70m south-west;
- White House Farmhouse (EHER 35481, NHLE no. 1112469), a 16th-century timber-framed house, is situated 106m south-west;
- Post Office and Store (EHER 35482, NHLE no. 1170276), an 18th-century or earlier timber-framed house with bowed shop front, is situated 130m south-west;
- Rose Cottage (EHER 35483, NHLE no. 1322442), a 17th-century timber-framed house, is situated 150m west;
- St Nicholas Church (EHER 35477; NHLE no. 1170264), is a Grade I listed 12th-century church situated 290m south-west. Saxon remains have been found in the church grounds;
- Berden Hall (EHER 3861, NHLE no. 1112468), is a late 16th-century brick-built house situated 425m south-west.

The Geology of Britain viewer (1:50,000 scale¹) shows the bedrock geology of the site to be Lewes Nodular Chalk Formation and Seaford Chalk Formation (Undifferentiated), chalk with subsidiary calcareous mudstone and flint. With superficial deposits of Lowestoft Formation (chalky till with sands and gravels, silts and clays).

4 Aims

The aims of the archaeological evaluation were to record the extent of any surviving archaeological deposits and to assess the archaeological potential of the site to allow the ECCHEA to determine if further investigation is required.

5 Results (Figs 2-4)

Three trial-trenches were excavated under the supervision of a CAT archaeologist. Trenches T1 and T2 were 12m long and 1.8m wide and were arranged in an L-shape. Trench T3 was 20m long and 1.8m wide.

Trench T1 was cut through modern topsoil L1 (0.16-0.17m thick) and subsoil (L2, 0.17-0.18m thick) onto natural (L3, encountered at a depth of 0.34-0.36m below current ground level [bcgl]). Trenches T2 and T3 were cut through L1 (0.16-0.25m thick) and modern re-deposited topsoil (L4, 0.19-0.45m thick) onto L3 (encountered at a depth of 0.35-0.7m bcgl).

There were no archaeological remains in trenches T1 or T3.

Ditch F1 extended through the centre of trench T2 on an east-north-east/west-south-west alignment. It was 2.11m wide and 0.55m deep. The feature produced no finds. To the south of this feature, the ground level had been increased by approximately 0.5m through the deposition of L4.

¹ British Geological Survey – <https://geologyviewer.bgs.ac.uk/>



Photograph 1 F1, looking east-north-east.



Photograph 2 F1 in relation to raised part of site – looking south-east.

6 Finds

6.1 Pottery

by Dr Matthew Loughton

A small assemblage of pottery consisting of ninety-three sherds with a weight of 1,291g and EVE of 0.93 was recovered during the evaluation. The mean sherd weight (MSW) is 13.9g.

Roman pottery

One (2g) abraded sherd of Roman coarse oxidised (fabric DJ) pottery from an unidentifiable vessel (EVE:0.03) was retrieved from redeposited topsoil L4.

Medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery

Medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery was recorded according to the fabric groups from *CAR 7* (2000) (Table 1), while the number of vessels was determined by rim EVE (estimated vessel equivalent). The assemblage consists of ninety-two sherds with a weight of 1,289g and EVE of 0.90 (Table 2). The MSW is reasonably high at 14.0g and the pottery is in a relatively fresh and unworn condition. This material was recovered from two layers (Table 3). The assemblage consists of a variety of medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery, although material dating from the 11th century to the first half of the 16th century accounts for a considerable proportion. The earliest pottery (11th-12th centuries) includes sherds of Early Medieval slightly sandy shelly wares (fabric F12B) and Early Medieval sandy wares (fabrics F13, F13T) including a bowl (EVE:0.04) and type C3 cooking pot (EVE:0.03) dating to c. 1150/1175-1225 (*CAR 7*, 50 fig. 27). Medieval sandy greyware (fabric F20) pottery included several jugs with a possible squat example (EVE:0.10) and cooking pots of types B2 (EVE:0.15), H1 (EVE:0.08) and H3 (EVE:0.05) which is the latest form dating from c. 1225 onwards (*ibid*, 94). Colchester-type ware (fabric F21) identifiable forms are of later cauldron/cooking pots (EVE:0.24), dating to 1275/1300-1400/1450 (*ibid*, 138 fig. 89.104, 108) and a large bowl/pancheon (EVE:0.05), dating to c. 1475-1550 (*ibid*, 146-147 fig. 96.164). Other noteworthy items included a post-medieval red earthenware (fabric F40) large storage jar (EVE:0.08) from topsoil L1 and a modern English stoneware bottle (fabric F45M) from redeposited topsoil L4.

Fabric code	Fabric description	Fabric date range guide
F12B	Early Medieval slightly sandy shelly wares	1000-1225
F13	Early Medieval sandy wares	1000-1225
F13T	Early Medieval sandy wares transitional	1100-1225
F20	Medieval sandy greyware	c.1150-1375/1400
F21	Colchester-type ware	1200-1550
F22	Heddingham ware	c.1140-1325/1350
F40	Post-medieval red earthenwares	c.1500-19th/20th century
F45M	Modern English stoneware	19th-20th century

Table 1 Medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery fabrics recorded.

Fabric group	Fabric description	No.	Weight (g)	MSW (g)	EVE
F12B	Early Medieval slightly sandy shelly wares	1	4	4.0	0.00
F13	Early Medieval sandy wares	7	76	10.9	0.07
F13T	Early Medieval sandy wares transitional	14	180	12.9	0.00
F20	Medieval sandy greyware	28	363	13.0	0.46
F21	Colchester-type ware	37	545	14.7	0.29
F22	Heddingham ware	1	11	11.0	0.00
F40	Post-medieval red earthenwares	3	98	32.7	0.08
F45M	Modern English stoneware	1	12	12.0	0.00
Total		92	1,289	14.0	0.90

Table 2 Summary of the medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery.

Context	Feature type	No.	Weight(g)	MSW (g)	EVE
L1	Topsoil	6	119	19.8	0.12
L4	Redeposited topsoil	86	1,170	13.6	0.78
Total		92	1,289	14.0	0.90

Table 3 Quantities of medieval, post-medieval and modern pottery from specific layers.

Conclusion

The large quantity of medieval pottery from layers L1 and L4 suggest the presence of nearby domestic occupation (some of the sherds have traces of sooting and burning), dating from the 11th/12th until the mid 16th century, in the vicinity of the evaluation.

Context	Description	Roman pottery	Medieval pottery	Post-medieval/modern pottery	Date
L1	Topsoil	-	F13 (BOWL) F21	F40 (LARGE STORAGE JAR)	Modern
L4	Redeposited topsoil	DJ	F12B F13 (COOKING POT C3) F13T F20 (COOKING POT B2, H1, H3, JUG, SQUAT JUG)	F45M (BOTTLE)	Modern

Context	Description	Roman pottery	Medieval pottery	Post-medieval/modern pottery	Date
			F21 (CAULDRON/COOKING POT, LARGE BOWL/PANCHEON) F22		

Table 4 Approximate ceramic dates for the individual contexts.

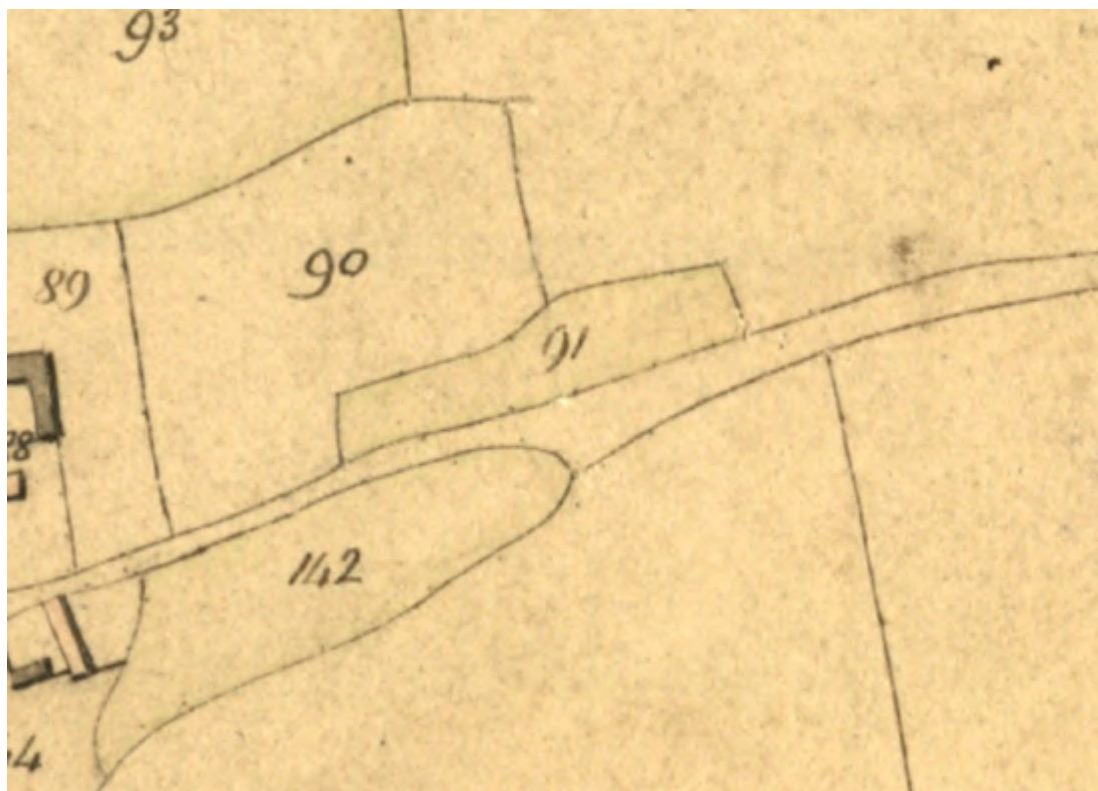
6.2 Clay tobacco pipe

by Laura Pooley

Two fragments (5g) of post-medieval clay tobacco pipe stem were recovered from L1 in T1 (finds no. 1).

7 Conclusion

Excavations at this site uncovered a ditch. This ditch bounds a raised part of the site, to its south. Within this part of the site, a deposit of redeposited soil laid down to raise this part of the land, was uncovered. While it was thought that this raised area may have been constructed as a platform to accommodate a building, no structural remains were encountered. The tithe map of 1838 depicts this part of the site as a separate plot owned by a Thomas Sworder and occupied by a Daniel Sibley. Its state of cultivation is listed as 'grass'.



Map 1 Extract from tithe map (1838) showing raised part of site.

8 Acknowledgements

CAT would like to thank Meenu Justin and Pelham Structures for commissioning and funding the project. The project was managed by A Wightman and C Lister, with fieldwork carried out by N Rayner with M Perou. Figures were compiled by C Lister and E Hicks. The project was monitored for ECCPS by Katie Lee-Smith.

9 References

Note: all CAT reports, except for DBAs, are available online in PDF format at <https://catuk.org/online-reports/>

Brown, N. & Glazebrook, J. 2000. *Research and Archaeology: A Framework for the Eastern Counties 2. Research agenda and strategy*. East Anglian Archaeology Occasional Paper 8 (EAA 8).

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10 Abbreviations and glossary

Bronze Age	2600 BC to 700 BC
CAT	Colchester Archaeological Trust
ClfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists
context	a single unit of excavation, which is often referred to numerically, and can be any feature, layer or find
early medieval	period from AD 410 to 1066
ECC	Essex County Council
ECCHEA	Essex County Council Historic Environment Advisor
ECCPS	Essex County Council Place Services
EHF	Essex Historic Environment Record
feature (F)	an identifiable thing like a pit, a wall, a drain: can contain 'contexts'
layer (L)	distinct or distinguishable deposit (layer) of material
medieval	period from AD 1066 to 1540
modern	period from AD 1901 to present day
natural	geological deposit undisturbed by human activity
NGR	National Grid Reference
OASIS	O nline A cces S to the I ndex of Archaeological Investigation S , http://oasis.ac.uk/pages/wiki/Main
post-medieval	period from AD 1540 to 1901
Roman	period from AD 43 to AD 410
section	(abbreviation sx or Sx) vertical slice through feature/s or layer/s
WSI	written scheme of investigation

11 Contents of archive

Finds: pottery

Digital:

CAT Report 2300

ECC evaluation brief, CAT written scheme of investigation

Digital photographs

Site data

Survey data

12 Archive deposition

The archive is currently held by the Colchester Archaeological Trust but will be permanently deposited with Epping Forest District Museum (finds) and the Archaeology Data Service (digital).

Distribution list:

Meenu Justin, Pelham Structures

ECC Place Services Historic Environment Advisor

Essex Historic Environment Record, Essex County Council

Appendix 1 Context list

Context	Trench no.	Finds no.	Interpretation	Soil description	Period
L1	All	1	Topsoil	Firm, dry, medium grey/brown sandy-loam with charcoal and CBM flecks.	Modern
L2	All	-	Subsoil	Firm/hard, dry, medium yellow/brown clay with charcoal and CBM flecks.	Undated
L3	All	-	Natural	Firm, dry, medium yellow/orange/brown clay.	Post-glacial
L4	T2 and T3	2, 3	Re-deposited topsoil	Friable/firm, dry, medium grey/brown sandy-silt.	Modern
F1	T2	-	Ditch	Firm, moist, dark brown silty-clay. 2.11m wide and 0.55m deep. U-shaped profile.	Undated

Appendix 2 Pottery list

Context	Feature type	Find no.	Quantity	Weight (g)	MSW	Rim	Handle	Base	RBH	Sooting (ext)	Burning	Abrasion	Fabric Group	Typology	Function	Category	EVE	Diameter	Comments	Start Date	End Date
L1	TOPSOIL	1	2	10	5.0				0				F21							1200	1550
L1	TOPSOIL	1	2	21	10.5				0				F40							1500	1800/1900
L1	TOPSOIL	1	1	11	11.0	1	0	0	1				F13	BOWL	BOWL		0.04	?		1000	1225
L1	TOPSOIL	1	1	77	77	1	0	0	1				F40	LARGE STORAGE JAR	STORAGE JAR		0.08	300	GLZE INT & EXT	1500	1800/1900
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	2	22	11.0				0				F13							1000	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	41	41.0				0	X			F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	18	18.0				0	X	X		F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	7	7.0				0				F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	4	33	8.3				0				F21						W-SLIP & GLAZE	1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	4	20	5.0				0	X	X		F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	11	11.0				0				F22							1140	1325/1350
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	4	4.0				0				F12B							1000	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	7	52	7.4				0				F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	9	9.0				0				F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	5	43	8.6				0	X			F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	13	13.0				0	X			F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	22	22.0	1	0	0	1				F20	COOKING POT B2	COOKING POT		0.07	240		1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	9	9.0	1	0	0	1				F20	SQUAT JUG	JUG		0.10	110		1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	6	6.0	1	0	0	1	X			F20	COOKING POT H3	COOKING POT		0.05	160		1225	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	21	21.0	1	0	0	1				F20	COOKING POT H1	COOKING POT		0.08	220		1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	21	21.0				0	X			F13T							1000	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	1	9	9.0				0				F13T							1000	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	3	3	33	11.0	1	0	0	1				F21	LARGE BOWL/ PANCHON	BOWL/ PANCHEON		0.05	300	COTTER 2000 p146- 147 FIG 96.164	1475	1550

Context	Feature type	Find no.	Quantity	Weight (g)	MSW	Rim	Handle	Base	RBH	Sooting (ext)	Burning	Abrasion	Fabric Group	Typology	Function	Category	EVE	Diameter	Comments	Start Date	End Date
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	90	90.0	0	1	0	1				F20	JUG	JUG				ROUND HANDLE, SCORED LINES, DEEP THUMB IMP INT, HARD GREY APLER GREY/WH CORE	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	3	3.0				0				F13T							1100	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	10	10.0				0				F20						SOME MICA F20D	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	15	15.0				0				F20						OR EXT	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	16	16.0				0				F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	3	3.0				0	X			F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	2	18	9.0	0	0	2	2	X			F20						SOME MICA F20D	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	3	26	8.7				0	X			F13							1000	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	15	15.0	1	0	0	1				F20	COOKING POT B2	COOKING POT		0.08	180	PALER GREY	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	16	16.0	1	0	0	1				F20	JUG	JUG		0.08	140	PALER GREY, MORE MICA FINER SAND	1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	17	17.0	1	0	0	1				F13	COOKING POT C3	COOKING POT		0.03	?		1150/1175	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	2	17	8.5				0				F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	2	16	8.0				0				F21						GLAZE	1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	18	18.0	1	0	0	1				F21	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT		0.08	190	EVERTED RIM, GLAZE INT, SOME WHITE INCS (CHALK/FL), SIMILAR COTTER 2000F89.108, 138	1275/1300	1400/1450
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	13	13.0	0	0	1	1				F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	3	13	4.3				0	X			F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	51	51.0	1	0	0	1				F21	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT		0.13	230	FLANGED RIM, SIM COTTER 2000, F89.104	1275/1300	1400/1450
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	6	93	15.5	1	0	0	1				F21	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT	CAULDRON/ COOKING POT		0.03	?		1275/1300	1400/1450

Context	Feature type	Find no.	Quantity	Weight (g)	MSW	Rim	Handle	Base	RBH	Sound (ext)	Burning	Abrasion	Fabric Group	Typology	Function	Category	EVE	Diameter	Comments	Start Date	End Date
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	3	37	12.3	0	0	2	2	X			F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	7	101	14.4	0	0	2	2	X	X		F13T							1100	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	3	38	12.7	0	0	1	1				F13T							1100	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	8	8.0				0				F20							1150	1375/1400
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	8	8.0				0	X			F13T							1100	1225
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	2	2.0	1	0	0	1			X	DJ	?	?		0.03?	HADHAM?		43	425
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	2	122	61.0				0				F21							1200	1550
L4	REDEPOSITED TOPSOIL	2	1	12	12.0				0				F45M	BOTTLE	BOTTLE					1800	2000

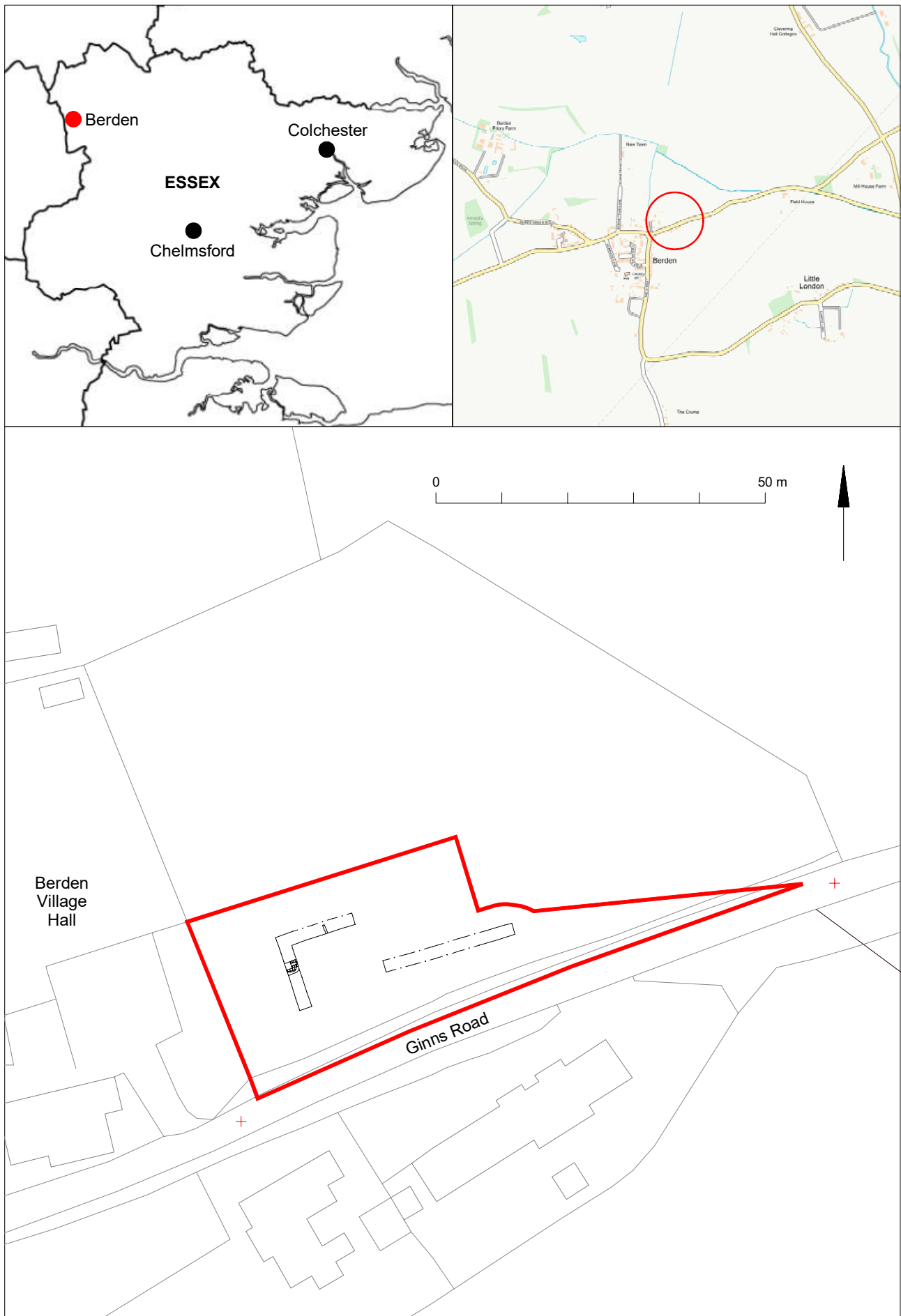


Fig 1 Site location.

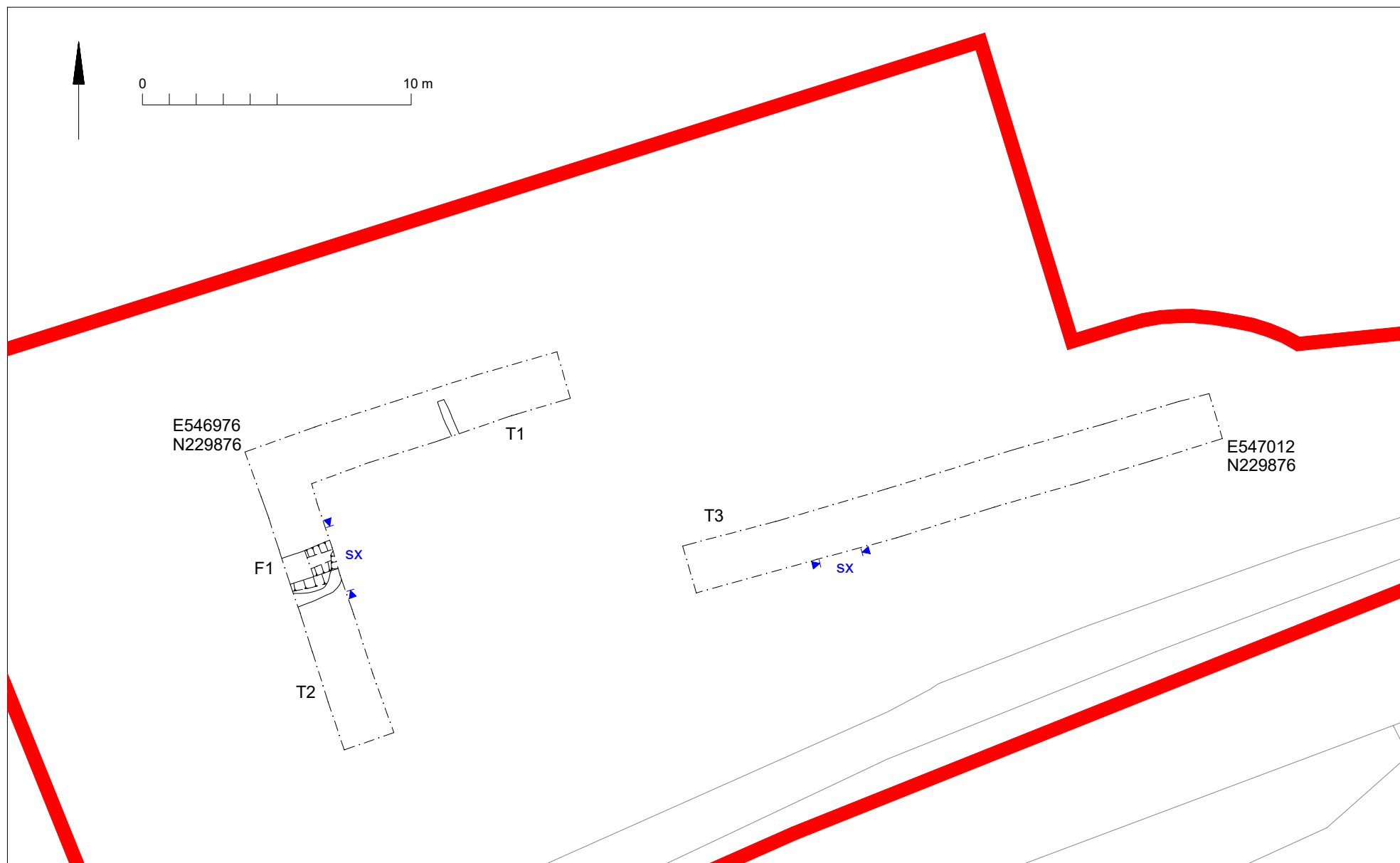
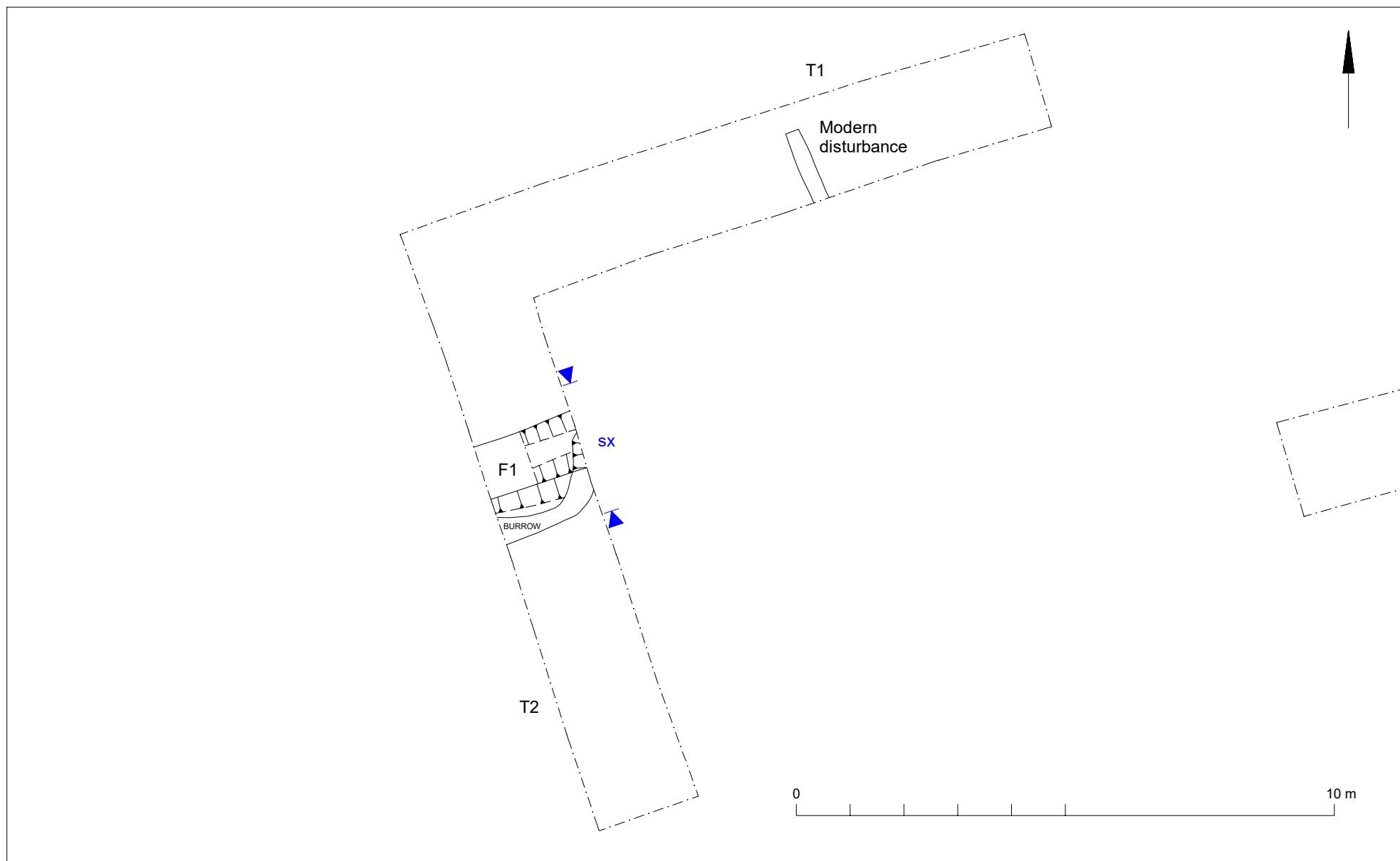


Fig 2 Results.



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Fig 3 Trenches T1 and T2 results.

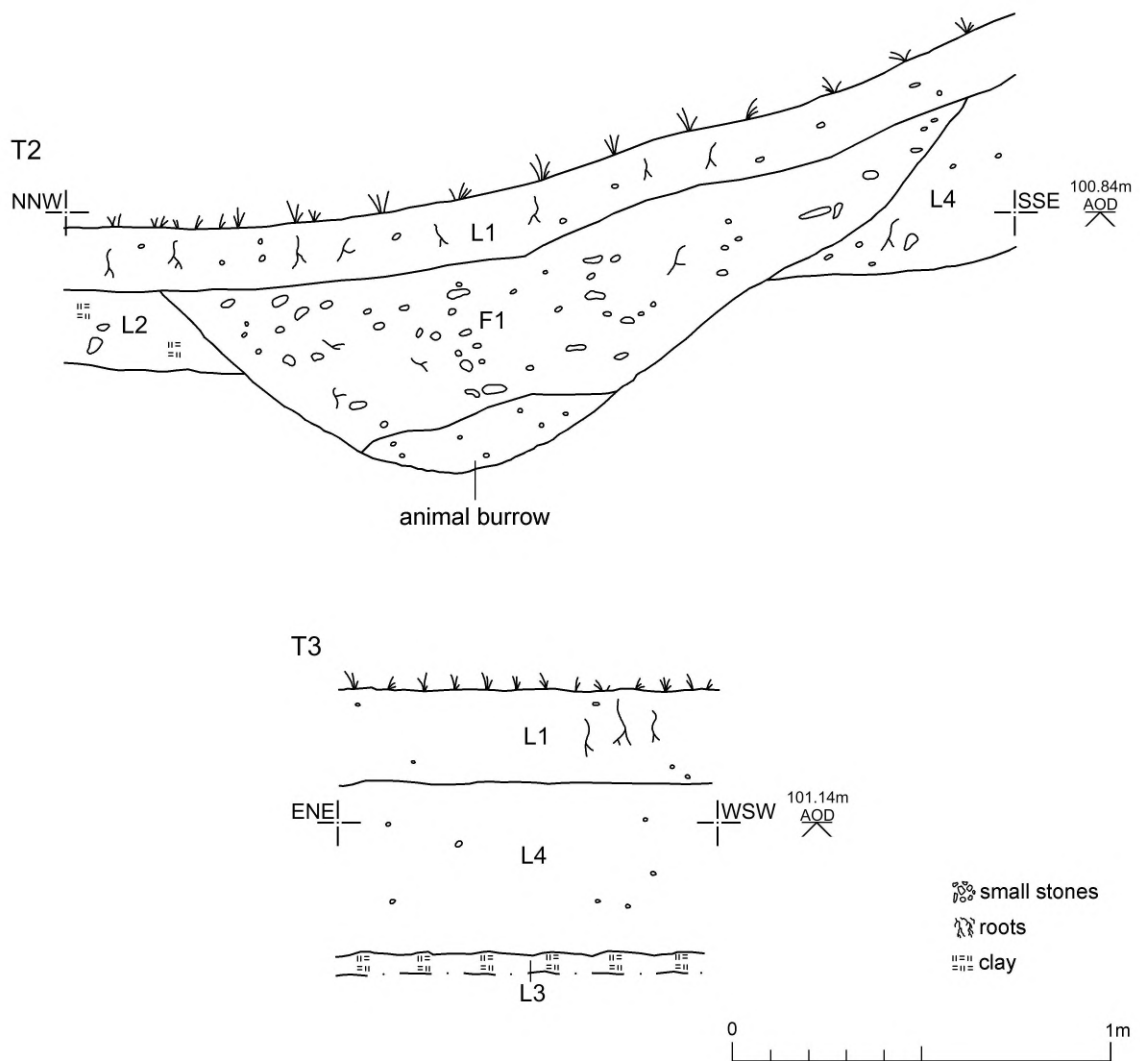


Fig 4 Feature and representative sections.

OASIS Summary for colchest3-543017

OASIS ID (UID)	colchest3-543017
Project Name	Archaeological evaluation on land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, CM23 1AE: June 2026
Sitename	land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, CM23 1AE
Sitecode	EEX63878
Project Identifier(s)	2026/04i
Activity type	Evaluation
Planning Id	UTT/26/0198/FUL
Reason For Investigation	Planning requirement
Organisation Responsible for work	Colchester Archaeological Trust
Project Dates	02-Jun-2026 - 02-Jun-2026
Location	land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, CM23 1AE NGR : TL 46990 29872 LL : 51.947927431500695, 0.137300374641678 12 Fig : 546990,229872
Administrative Areas	Country : England County/Local Authority : Essex Local Authority District : Uttlesford Parish : Berden
Project Methodology	Archaeological evaluation was carried out as per the brief and WSI.
Project Results	An archaeological evaluation (three trial-trenches) was carried out on land east of Berden Village Hall, The Street, Berden, Essex, in advance of the construction of a new dwelling. The proposed development site lies within the historic settlement of Berden, amid numerous cropmark complexes, some of which indicate the presence of medieval field boundaries. A ringwork motte also lies a short distance to the south-west; when excavated in the 1950s, it produced evidence of activity during the 12th or 13th centuries. Excavations revealed a ditch which bounded a raised area of the site, to the south of this feature. While it was thought that this raised part of the site might have represented a platform for the construction of a building, no structural remains were encountered.
Keywords	Ditch - Uncertain - FISH Thesaurus of Monument Types Sherd - Roman - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Sherd - Early Medieval - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Sherd - Medieval - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Sherd - Post Medieval - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Sherd - Victorian - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Sherd - 20th Century - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus Tobacco Pipe - Post Medieval - FISH Archaeological Objects Thesaurus
Funder	Private or public corporation Pelham Structures
HER	Essex HER - unRev - STANDARD
Person Responsible for work	A Wightman
HER Identifiers	

Archives	Physical Archive, Digital Archive - to be deposited with Archaeology Data Service Archive; Physical Archive, Digital Archive - to be deposited with Archives: no repository;
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Report generated on: 07 Jul 2026, 10:03